

# Effective use of functions for F5-F9 CBEs

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#### **On-demand and session CBEs**

#### On-demand CBE (F1-F4)

Can be taken at any time

Automarked questions

 Results issued immediately after exam Session CBEs (F5-F9)

- Available during the March, June, September and December exam weeks.
- A mix of automarked and expert marked questions
- Results issued at same time as paper-based results – approximately 6 weeks later



#### F5-F9 session CBEs

-9

# Key things to remember!

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Think Ahead ACCA

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# **Navigator screen**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam **6** of 34 🕫 Explain Answer 🔒 Calculator 🔣 Scratch Pad [] Elag for Review A budget is a quantified plan of action for a forthcoming period. Budgets can be prepared using a variety of different approaches. Match eac Navigator - click on a question to go to it X Question # Status Flagged - Review Section A Builds in Question 1 Incomplete and Question 2 Incomplete Recogn beha Question 3 Incomplete Question 4 Incomplete Ŧ Focuse avoiding w Close Focuses

cau Always extends the budget one Flexible budgeting year into the future ← Previous Navigator Next → Help/Formulae Sheet Think Ahead ACCA ©ACCA 4

#### Scrollbar



# **Splitter bar**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam

#### 💱 Explain Answer Æ Symbol 🖯 Calculator 🔣 Scratch Pad

#### The following scenario relates to four requirements.

Carad Co is an electronics company which makes two types of television plasma screen TVs and LCD TVs. It operates within a highly competitive market and is constantly under pressure to reduce prices. Carad Co operates a standard costing system and performs a detailed variance analysis of both products on a monthly basis. Extracts from the management information for the month of November are shown below:

		Note
Total number of units made and sold	1,400	1
Material price variance	\$28,000 A	2
Total labour variance	\$6,050 A	3

#### Notes

(1) The budgeted total sales volume for TVs was 1,180 units, consisting of an equal mix of plasma screen TVs and LCD screen TVs. Actual sales volume was 750 plasma TVs and 650 LCD TVs. Standard sales prices are \$350 per unit for the plasma TVs and \$300 per unit for the LCD TVs. The actual sales prices achieved during November were \$330 per unit for plasma TV and \$290 per unit for LCD TVs. The standard contributions for plasma TVs and LCD TVs are \$100 and \$180 per unit respectively.

#### Help/Formulae Sheet

(a) Calculate the following for the month of November, showing all workir clearly:	ngs
(i) The sales price variance and sales volume contribution variance;	(4 marks)
The material price planning variance and material price operational variance	<b>riance;</b> (2 marks)
(iii) The labour rate variance and the labour efficiency variance.	(5 marks)

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Performance Management - Specimen Exam	■26 of 34
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The Hi Life Co makes sofas. It has recently received a request from a customer to provide a one-off order of sofas, in excess of normal budgeted production. The order would need to be completed within two weeks.

The following cost estimate has already been prepared:

		S
Direct materials:		
Fabric	200 m <sup>2</sup> at \$17 per m <sup>2</sup>	3,400
Wood	50 m <sup>2</sup> at \$8.20 per m <sup>2</sup>	410
Diract Jahaur		

The fabric is regularly used by Hi Life Co. There are currently 300 m<sup>2</sup> in inventory, whice cost \$17 per m<sup>2</sup>. The current purchase price of the fabric is \$17.50 per m<sup>2</sup>.

The wood is regularly used by Hi Life Co and usually costs \$8.20 per m<sup>2</sup>. However, the company's current supplier's earliest delivery time for the wood is in three weeks' time. An alternative supplier could deliver immediately but they would charge \$8.50 per m<sup>2</sup>. Hi Life Co already has 500 m<sup>2</sup> in inventory but 480 m<sup>2</sup> of this is needed to complete other existing orders in the next two weeks. The remaining 20 m<sup>2</sup> is not going to be needed until four weeks' time.

What is the cost of the fabric and the wood which should be included in the quotation (to the nearest whole \$)?

Fabric \$	
-----------	--

#### **Item Review Screen**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam						
🖏 I <u>t</u> em Review Screen Explained						
	Item Review	/ Screen				
Exam Section						-
G Section A						
🦂 Question 1	Incorrect					
Question 2	Incorrect					
Question 3	Incorrect					
Question 4	Incorrect					
G Question 5	Incorrect					
G Question 6	Incorrect					
G Question 7	Unseen					
G Question 8	Unseen					
G Question 9	Unseen					
G Question 10	Unseen					
G Question 11	Unseen					
G Question 12	Unseen					
G Question 13	Unseen					
G Question 14	Unseen					
G Question 15	Unseen					
A Section B	Unseen					-
End Review			Review All	X Review Incorrect	Review Flagge	d

# **Scratch pad**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam	■1 of 34
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⑦ Help/Formulae Sheet → Review Screen	<u>N</u> ext →

# **Calculator**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam

🖗 Explain Answer 🖯 Calculator 🔣 Scratch Pad

A company manufactures two products, C and D, for which the following information is available:

	Product C	Product D	Total
Budgeted production (units)	1,000	4,000	5,000
Labour hours per unit / in total	8	10	48,000
Number of production runs required	13	15	28
Number of inspections during production	5	3	8

Total production set up costs	\$140,000
Total inspection costs	\$80,000
Other overhead costs	\$96,000

Other overhead costs are absorbed on a labour hour basis.

Using activity-based costing, what is the budgeted overhead cost per unit of product D?

•\$43.84

\$46.25

\$131.00

⑦ Help/Formulae Sheet → Review Screen



# **Highlight**

Consolidated statements of financial pos	ition as at 3	30 Sept	ember:	
	20X5	20X5	20X4	20X4
	Sm	\$m	Sm	Sm
ion-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment		680		310
stangible asset, manufacturing licence		300		100
goodwill		230		200
		1,210		610
Current assets				
Inventory	200		110	
frade receivables	195		75	
Bank	0	395	120	305
Total assets		1 605	16.0	915
		1,000		
Foulty and liabilities				
Foulty shares of \$1 each		330		250
Other components of equity		100		0
Dotained earninge		375		205
nonenad erenerge		905		EAE
Non current liabilities		000		040
5K secured is an order	100		100	
5% secured loss polor	200	400	100	100
10% Secured loan hotes	- 200	400		100
Current kabilities				
Bank overdraft	110		0	
Trade payables	210		160	
Current tax navable	.80	400	110	270
Total equity and kabilities	- 00	400	110	915
roun equity and internets		1 605		

# Strikethrough

F7 Financial Reporting Explain Answer 🗟 Scratch Pag Æ Symbol 🖉 Highlight (J) 🖉 Strikethrough (W) 🖯 Calculator This scenario relates to three requirements. After preparing a draft statement of profit or loss for the year ended 30 September 20X5 and adding the current year's draft profit (before any adjustments required by notes (1) to (3) below) to retained earnings, the summarised trial balance of Kandy Co as at 30 September 20X5 is: \$'000 \$'000 Equity shares of \$1 each 20,000 Retained earnings as at 30 September 20X5 15,500 Proceeds of 6% loan note (note (1)) 30,000 Investment properties at fair value (note (2)) 20,000 Land (\$5 million) and buildings – at cost (note (2)) 35.000 58,500 Plant and equipment – at cost (note (2)) Accumulated depreciation at 1 October 20X4: 20.000 buildings plant and equipment 34.500 Current assets 68,700

#### F5-F9 session CBEs

-9

Constructed Response Questions

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26,35

# Word processing – Try it!!!

Constructed Response (CR) Workspace

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The question scenario will appear here.

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⑦ Help/References → Exit Workspace

Think Ahead ACCA

# Word processing

#### 1. Tables

- adding a table
- adding/ deleting rows and column
- merging and splitting a cell
- alignment of cells in a cell
- 2. Using **bullets and numbering**
- 3. Increasing and decreasing indent
- 4. Using subscript and superscript formats

# **Spreadsheet – Try it !!!**

Constructed Response (CR) Workspace	🚍 16 of 25
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⑦ Help/References ➔ Exit Workspace	← Previous ※Navigator Next →
16	©ACCA Think Ahead ACCA

#### General

- 1. Navigating through the cells using arrow keys
- 2. Selecting multiple cells using **shift and arrow keys**
- 3. Selecting row and columns
- 4. Adjusting row height and column width using mouse
- 5. **Reset button** be careful in using this feature as it will delete the complete solution, and reset the answer screen

#### Formatting

- 1. Alignment of text in cells
  - format cell option for horizontal/ vertical alignment and wrap text
  - use tool bar for horizontal alignment Wrap text is an important formatting tool for column headings
- 2. Formatting currency and numbers (decimal places, percentages)
- 3. Writing paragraph in a cell (cells cannot be merged)
- 4. Using **symbols box** when writing any currency symbols or subscript/ superscript in the text

#### Editing

- 1. Add a line using cut/ paste option
- 2. Delete a line by simply deleting the cell content

#### Formulae

- 1. You must use the **= symbol** to start a formula in a cell.
- 2. SUM, ROUND, AVERAGE, POWER (^ can also be used) functions

3. **Doing calculations in a cell** (markers will see the formulae and not just the final answer)

#### Shortcut keys

- o cut (ctrl+x)
- o copy (ctrl+c)
- o paste (ctrl+v)
- o find (ctrl+f)

- bold (ctrl+b)
- o underline (ctrl+u)
- o italic (ctrl+i)

#### F5-F9 session CBEs

-9

# OT and OT case questions

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# **OT** questions – Multiple response

#### F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam

💱 Explain Answer 🔒 Calculator 🔣 Scratch Pad

Which TWO of the following statements, regarding environmental cost accounting, are true?

The majority of environmental costs are already captured within a typical organisation's accounting system. The difficulty lies in identifying them

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Elag for Review

- Input/output analysis divides material flows within an organisation into three categories: material flows; system flows; and delivery and disposal flows
- One of the cost categories used in environmental activity-based costing is environment-driven costs which is used for costs which can be directly traced to a cost centre
- Environmental life-cycle costing enables environmental costs from the design stage of the product right through to decommissioning at the end of its life to be considered



#### **OT questions – Multiple response**

- The question will specify how many answers need to be selected, but the system won't stop students from selecting more answers than this.
- It's important to read the question carefully because the Navigator and Item Review screens will show these questions as complete even if you have not provided a full answer.

# **OT questions – Fill in the blank**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam			=2 of 34
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The selling price of product X is set at \$550 for each unit and sales for the coming year are expected to be 800	units.		
A return of 30% on the investment of \$500,000 in product X will be required in the coming year.			
What is the target cost for each unit of product X (to two decimal places)?			
\$			
Help/Formulae Sheet	<b>←</b> <u>P</u> revious	Navigator	Next <b>&gt;</b>

# **OT questions – fill in the blank**

#### The only permitted characters

- Numbers
- One full stop as a decimal point if required
- One minus symbol at the front of the figure if the answer is negative For example: -10234.35

**No other characters**, including commas, are accepted. The unit of measurement will sit outside the box.

In some cases, text may be required as the response.

# **OT questions – drag and drop**



# **OT question – drag and drop**

- Drag and drop questions involve students dragging an answer and dropping it into place.
- Some questions could involve matching more than one answer to a response area and some questions may have more answer choices than response areas, which means not all available answer choices need to be used.

#### **OT questions – hot spot**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam	🚍7 of 34
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A leisure company owns a number of large health and fitness resorts, but one is suffering from declining sales and is predicted to make a loss in the next year. As a result management have identified a number of possible actions:

(1) Shut down the resort and sell off the assets

- (2) Undertake a major upgrade to facilities costing \$4.5m
- (3) Undertake a minor upgrade to facilities costing \$2m

The upgrades are predicted to have variable results and the probability of good results after a major upgrade is 0.8, whereas the probability of good results after a minor upgrade is 0.7.

The company is risk neutral and has prepared the following decision tree.

Using the information below, identify, by clicking on the relevant branch of the decision tree, which action the company should take.



#### **OT questions – hot spot**

- For hot spot questions, students are required to select one point on an image as their answer. When the cursor is hovered over the image, it will display as an "X".
- To answer, place the X on the appropriate point on the diagram. The image will have been set so that as long as part of the X is touching the line that represents the correct answer, it will be marked correct, but not if it is also touching another possible answer.

#### **OT case questions**

#### F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam

#### 💖 Explain Answer 🖯 Calculator 🔣 Scratch Pa<u>d</u>

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Glam Co is a hairdressing salon which provides both 'cuts' and 'treatments' to clients. All cuts
and treatments at the salon are carried out by one of the salon's three senior stylists. The
salon also has two salon assistants and two junior stylists.

Every client attending the salon is seen first by a salon assistant, who washes their hair; next, by a senior stylist, who cuts or treats their hair depending on which service the client wants; then finally, a junior stylist who dries their hair. The average length of time spent with each member of staff is as follows:

	Cut	Treatment
	(Hours)	(Hours)
Assistant	0.1	0.3
Senior stylist	1.0	1.5
Junior stylist	0.6	0.5

The salon is open for eight hours each day for six days per week. It is only closed for two weeks each year. Staff salaries are \$40,000 each year for each senior stylist, \$28,000 each year for each junior stylist and \$12,000 each year for each of the assistants. The cost of cleaning products applied when washing clients' hair is \$1.50 per client. The cost of all additional products applied during a 'treatment' is \$7.40 per client. Other salon costs (excluding labour and raw materials) amount to \$106,400 each year.

Glam Co charges \$60 for each cut and \$110 for each treatment.

The senior stylists' time has been correctly identified as the bottleneck activity.

#### What is the annual capacity of the bottleneck activity? • 2,400 cuts or 1,600 treatments • 4,800 cuts or 4,800 treatments • 7,200 cuts or 4,800 treatments

9,600 cuts or 9,600 treatments

Help/Formulae Sheet

← Previous 🔅 Navigator Next→

#### **OT case questions**

F5 Performance Management - Specimen Exam

#### 💱 Explain Answer 🖯 Calculator 🔣 Scratch Pa<u>d</u>

■17 of 3

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	 		,	
Cuts				
Treatments				

Help/Formulae Sheet

#### **OT case questions**

• **no dependencies** between the individual questions

 moveable splitter bar enables the student to focus on either the scenario or the questions

review entire question and response area to navigate to the next screen

# Think Ahead ACCA



